

April 20, 2015

MEMORANDUM

To:

The Commission

Through:

Alec Palmer
Staff Director

From:

Patricia C. Orrock DIPCO

Chief Compliance Officer

Thomas E. Hintermister

Assistant Staff Director

Audit Division

Douglas Kodish Audit Manager

By:

Paula Nurthen

Lead Auditor

Subject:

Audit Division Recommendation Memorandum on the Oakland County

Democratic Party (OCDP) (A12-02)

Pursuant to Commission Directive No. 70 (FEC Directive on Processing Audit Reports), the Audit staff presents its recommendations below and discusses the findings in the attached Draft Final Audit Report (DFAR). The Office of General Counsel has reviewed this memorandum and concurs with the recommendations.

Finding 1. Misstatement of Financial Activity

The Audit staff determined that, for 2012, OCDP understated its reported receipts, disbursements and ending cash by \$90,487, \$60,715 and \$33,279, respectively. Subsequent to the exit conference, OCDP amended its reports and materially corrected its misstatements. In response to the Interim Audit Report (IAR) recommendation and the DFAR, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that OCDP misstated its financial activity for calendar year 2012.

Finding 2. Recordkeeping for Employees

For the period covered by the audit, OCDP did not maintain any monthly payroll logs, as required, to document the percentage of time each employee spent on federal election activity. For 2011 and 2012, the Audit staff identified payments to OCDP employees totaling \$107,555, for which monthly payroll logs were not maintained. This consisted entirely of payroll which was allocated between federal and non-federal funds. In response to the IAR recommendation and the DFAR, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that OCDP failed to maintain monthly payroll logs to document the time employees spent on federal election activity totaling \$107,555.

Finding 3. Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

A review of all contributions from individuals requiring itemization indicated that 35 contributions totaling \$7,389 lacked disclosure of occupation and/or name of employer. In addition, there was no evidence that "best efforts" were attempted to obtain, maintain and submit the missing disclosure information. In response to the IAR recommendation and the DFAR, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that OCDP failed to disclose occupation and/or name of employer information for contributions from individuals totaling \$7,389 and did not demonstrate "best efforts" to obtain, maintain, and submit disclosure information with respect to these contributions.

Finding 4. Recordkeeping for Receipts

During audit fieldwork, it was noted that OCDP did not maintain adequate documentation and did not properly report receipts from its gaming activities totaling \$1,820,466 for the 2012 election cycle. In response to the IAR recommendation and the DFAR, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that OCDP failed to maintain adequate documentation for its gaming activities and did not properly report its receipts from gaming activities totaling \$1,820,466.

Finding 5. Use of the Campaign Depository

The Audit staff's review of OCDP's gaming operations found that OCDP did not deposit most of its gaming receipts into its designated campaign depository, as required. During the audit period, OCDP collected \$1,820,466 from its bi-weekly gaming activities but did not deposit \$1,370,304 into its campaign depository. In response to the IAR recommendation and the DFAR, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that OCDP failed to properly utilize its designated campaign depository for most of its gaming receipts totaling \$1,370,304.

The Committee did not request an audit hearing.

If this memorandum is approved, a Proposed Final Audit Report will be prepared within 30 days of the Commission's vote.

In case of an objection, Directive No. 70 states that the Audit Division Recommendation Memorandum will be placed on the next regularly scheduled open session agenda.

Documents related to this audit report can be viewed in the Voting Ballot Matters folder. Should you have any questions, please contact Paula Nurthen or Douglas Kodish at 694-1200.

Attachment:

 Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on the Oakland County Democratic Party

cc: Office of General Counsel



Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on the Oakland County Democratic Party

(January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2012)

Why the Audit Was Done

Federal law permits the Commission to conduct audits and field investigations of any political committee that is required to file reports under the Federal **Election Campaign Act** (the Act). The Commission generally conducts such audits when a committee appears not to have met the threshold requirements for . substantial compliance with the Act. The audit determine when committee complied the kink raions, prohibitio and disclosure real rements of the Act.

Future Action

The Commission may initiate an enforcement action, at a later time, with respect to any of the matters discussed in this report.

About the Committee (3)

The Oakland County Democrate Party is a local party committee headquartered in Southfield higan. For more information, see the chart on the Committee Organization, p. 3.

Financial tivity (p. 3)

•	Receipts	
	o Contributions Individuals	\$ 1,933,148
	o Contributions from Rolitical	·
	mittees	56,849
	o Teans from Non-feet a	40.050
	Actount	49,859
	o Other Receipts	7,120
	Total Receipts	\$ 2,046,976
T	70.1	
77	Disbursements	
	Operating Expenditures	\$ 2,045,934
	isbursements	14,930
	Total Disbursements	\$ 2,060,864

Findings and Recommendations (p. 4)

- Misstatement of Financial Activity (Finding 1)
- Recordkeeping for Employees (Finding 2)
- Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer (Finding 3)
- Recordkeeping for Receipts (Finding 4)
- Use of the Campaign Depository (Finding 5)

² 52 U.S.C. §30111(b) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §438(b)).

On September 1, 2014, the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"), was transferred from Title 2 of the United States Code to new Title 52 of the United States Code.

Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on the Oakland **County Democratic Party**

(January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2012)



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Part I **Background**

Authority for Audit

This report is based on an audit of the Oakland County Democratic Party (OCDP), undertaken by the Audit Division of the Federal Election Commission (the Commission) in accordance with the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the Act). The Audit Division conducted the audit pursuant to 52 U.S.C. §30111(b) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §438(b)), which permits the Commission to conduct audits and field investigations of any political committee that is required to file a report under 52 U.S.C. §30104 (formerly 2 U.S.C. §434). Prior to conducting any audit under this subsection, the Commission must perform an internal review of reports filed by selected committees to determine if the reports filed by a particular committee meet the threshold requirements for substantial compliance with the Act.

52 U.S.C. §30111(b) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §438(b)).

Scope of Audit

This audit examined:

- 1. the receipt of excessive contributions and loans;
- 2. the receipt of contributions from prohibited sources;
- 3. the disclosure of contributions received
- 4. the disclosure of individual contributors supation and natural employer;
- 5. the disclosure of disbursements, debts and obing tens;
- 6. the disclosure of expenses allocated between fed non-federal accounts;
- 7. the consistency between remoted figures and
- 8. the completeness of records;9. other committee openions necessary to the review.

Commission Guidant

Requests or Early Commission Consideration of a Legal Question -Recording for Employees

Pursuant to the commission's colicy Statement Establishing a Program for Requesting Consideration of consulting Questics by the Commission," several state party committees unaffiliated with OCCP requested early consideration of a legal question raised during audits covering the 2010 electronic cle. Specifically, the Commission addressed whether monthly time logs under 11 CFR §106 (d)(1) were required for employees paid with 100 percent federal funds.

The Commission concluded, by a vote of 5-1, that 11 CFR §106.7(d)(1) does require committees to keep a monthly log for employees paid exclusively with federal funds. Exercising its prosecutorial discretion, however, the Commission decided it will not pursue recordkeeping violations for the failure to keep time logs or to provide affidavits to account for employee salaries paid with 100 percent federal funds and reported as such. The Audit staff informed OCDP representatives of the payroll log requirement and of the Commission's decision not to

pursue recordkeeping violations for failure to keep payroll logs for salaries paid and correctly reported as 100 percent federal. Finding 2 of this audit report (Recordkeeping for Employees) does not include any OCDP employees paid with 100 percent federal funds and reported as such.

Directive 69 and Request for Early Commission Consideration of a Legal Question – Recordkeeping for Receipts

Pursuant to Commission Directive 69, the Commission's guidance was requested by the Office of Compliance and the Office of General Counsel on an issue addressing what recordkeeping requirements under 52 U.S.C. §30102(c) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §432(c)) and 11 CFR §102.9(a) applied to contributions received by OCDP during bi-weekly "bingo nights." A subsequent request was made to the Commission by OCDP on the same issue under the Commission's "Policy Statement Establishing a Program for Requesting Consideration of Legal Questions by the Commission." Specifically, the Commission was asked whether OCDP's gaming nights consisted of three separate fundraising events rather than a single count for purposes of applying the recordkeeping requirements under 11 CFR §102.9(a).

The Commission concluded on the Directive 69 Guidence and on the Request for Legal Consideration, by votes of 6-0, that OCDP's bingo what did not constitute the separate fundraising events and that OCDP was required to item se all a stributions exceeding \$50 received during each bingo night. See Finding 4, Record along for Receipts.



The term bingo is used to refer to all OCDP gaming activity, which includes bingo, progressive bingo, and charity ticket sales.

Part II Overview of Committee

Committee Organization

Important Dates	
Date of Registration	June 11, 197 <u>6</u>
Audit Coverage	January 1 December 31, 2012
Headquarters	South MI
Bank Information	
Bank Depositories	Twe
Bank Accounts	I we federal and two non-federal
Treasurer	
Treasurer When Audit Was Conducted	Ryan Gesund: 12/29/14 1/28/14; Alexander Fike: 1/29/14 - present
Treasurer During Period Covered by Audit	Bixby: 1/01/11 – 12/28/11; Ryan Gesund: 12/29/11 -12/31/12
Management Information	
Attended Commission Campaign Finance Senser	No
Who Handled Accounting and Recordkeeping Tasks	Saff

Oversiew of Financial Activity August Amounts)

Cash-on-hand @ January 1 011	\$ 26,378	
Receipts		
o Contribution om Individ ls	1,933,148	
o Contributions for Political Committees	56,849	
O Transfers from No. Add al Account	49,859	
O Other Receipts	7,120	
Total Receipts	\$ 2,046,976	
Disbursements		
O Operating Expenditures	2,045,934	
O Other Disbursements	14,930	
Total Disbursements \$		
Cash-on-hand @ December 31, 2012		

Part III Summaries

Findings and Recommendations

Finding 1. Misstatement of Financial Activity

During audit fieldwork, a comparison of OCDP's reported financial activity with its bank records revealed that, for 2012, OCDP understated its reported receipts, disbursements and ending cash by \$90,487, \$60,715, and \$33,279, respectively. Subsequent to the exit conference, OCDP amended its reports and materially corrected as misstatements. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCD stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations. (For more details see p. 6.)

Finding 2. Recordkeeping for Employees

During audit fieldwork, the Audit staff determined that OCDP did not make an any monthly payroll logs, as required, to document dispercentage of time each apployee spent in connection with a federal election. For 2011 and 2012, the Audit staff identified payments to OCDP employees totaling \$107,555, for such monthly payroll logs were not maintained. This consisted entires of payroll which a allocated between federal and non-federal funds. In response to the starting Audit Represence ommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying well recomme mations. (For more detail, see p. 7.)

Finding 3. Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

Finding Record keeping for Receipts

During audit first work, it was noted that OCDP did not maintain adequate documentation and the properly report receipts from its gaming activities totaling \$1,820,466 for the 2002 election cycle. OCDP reported gaming receipts as un-itemized individual contributions in accordance with requirements for receipts from individuals contributing \$50 or less at fundraising events. However, the average contribution from OCDP's bi-weekly gaming events was approximately \$88 per person, which requires more extensive recordkeeping activities. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with certain unspecified aspects of the report that concerned its gaming activities. (For more detail, see p. 10.)

Finding 5. Use of the Campaign Depository

A review of OCDP's gaming operations found that OCDP did not deposit most of its gaming receipts into its designated campaign depository as required. During the audit period, OCDP collected \$1,820,466 from its bi-weekly gaming activities but only deposited \$450,162 into its campaign depository. OCDP disbursed the majority of these cash receipts (\$1,370,304) directly to prize winners and game workers. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with certain unspecified aspects of the report that concerned its gaming activities. (For more detail, see p. 12.)



Part IV Findings and Recommendations

Finding 1. Misstatement of Financial Activity

Summary

During audit fieldwork, a comparison of OCDP's reported financial activity with its bank records revealed that, for 2012, OCDP understated its reported receipts, disbursements and ending cash by \$90,487, \$60,715 and \$33,279, respectively. Obsequent to the exit conference, OCDP amended its reports and materially corrected its misstatements. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

Legal Standard

Contents of Reports. Each report must disclose

- the amount of cash-on-hand at the beginning and end of the reporting period;
- the total amount of receipts for the reporting pend are for the calendar year;
- the total amount of disbursements for the reporting and and for the calendar year; and
- certain transactions that require item on Schedule Stamized Receipts) or Schedule B (Itemized Disbursements), 52 \$30104(1)(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §434(b)(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5)

Facts and Analysis

A. Facts

During audit fieldwork, the dit see the OCDP's reported financial activity with its back recent for the condar years 2011 and 2012 and identified misstatements for 2014 in receipts, on present and ending cash. The following chart outlines the discreptories and succeeping paragraphs explain, to the extent possible, the reasons for the misstatements.

2012 Activity			
7	Reported	Bank Records	Discrepancy
Opening Cash Balance @ January 1, 2012	\$5,356	\$8,863	\$3,507 Understated
Receipts	\$937,760	\$1,028,247	\$90,487 Understated
Disbursements	\$963,905	\$1,024,620	\$60,715 Understated
Ending Cash Balance @ December 31, 2012	(\$20,789)	\$12,490	\$33,279 Understated

The understatement of receipts resulted from the following.

•	Gaming receipts not reported ⁴	\$ 76,233
•	Transfers from non-federal account not reported	12,178
•	In-kind contributions not reported	2,076
	Understatement of Receipts	\$ 90,487

The understatement of disbursements resulted from the following.

Gaming expenditures not reported	\$ 36,229
Operating expenditures not reported	33,899
Expenditures reported twice	(10,056)
 Operating expenditures incorrectly reported 	167
Unexplained difference	476
Net Understatement of Disbursements	\$ 60.715

The understatement of the beginning and ending cash balances restand from prior year misstatements and the misstatements described above.

B. Interim Audit Report & Audit Division Frammendation

At the exit conference, the Audit staff explained the pissts of the provided schedules to OCDP representatives. The representative agreed to amend their reports.

Subsequent to the exit conference, OC amended its repair and materially corrected its misstatements. The Interim Audit Repoir to amended that the P provide any additional comments it considered relevant to the later.

C. Committee Response to Interim Audit Report

In response to the Interim Audi Report recommendation, OCDP provided no additional information regarding his matter

Finding 2. Recording for Employees

Summ

During audit feldwork, the dudit staff determined that OCDP did not maintain any monthly payroungs, as required, to document the percentage of time each employee spent in connection with acederal election. For 2011 and 2012, the Audit staff identified payments to OCDP however totaling \$107,555, for which monthly payroll logs were not maintained. This consisted entirely of payroll which was allocated between federal and non-federal funds. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

Legal Standard

Maintenance of Monthly Logs. Committees must keep a monthly log of the percentage of time each employee spends in connection with a federal election. Allocations of salaries, wages, and fringe benefits are to be undertaken as follows:

⁴ See Finding 4, page 10.

- Employees who spend 25 percent or less of their compensated time in a given month on federal election activities must be paid either from the federal account or have their pay allocated as administrative costs;
- Employees who spend more than 25 percent of their compensated time in a given month on federal election activities must be paid only from a federal account; and,
- Employees who spend none of their compensated time in a given month on federal election activities may be paid entirely with funds that comply with State law. 11 CFR §106.7(d)(1).

Facts and Analysis

A. Facts

During fieldwork, the Audit staff reviewed disbursements for ayroll. OCDP did not maintain any monthly logs or equivalent records to document the percentage of time each employee spent in connection with federal election activity. These logs are required to document the proper allocation of federal and non-federal funds used to pay employee salaries and wages. For 2011 and 2012, logs were not maintained for \$107,555 in payroll. The total of \$107,555 consisted entirely of payroll which was allocated between federal and non-federal funds.

B. Interim Audit Report & Audit Division Recommendation

At the exit conference and during audit fieldwork, the Autistaff discussed the payroll recordkeeping issue with OCDP representatives. The representatives indicated that they did maintain some records for one individual of the not keep ecords for all required individuals. No records were provided.

For OCDP employees that we said with an allocation of federal and non-federal funds, the Interim Audit Report recommended that OCDP provide the following:

- evidence that more by tire logs were mantained to document the percentage of time an employee special constant with a federal election; or
- a plan to make in money payroll logs in the future.

C. Con mittee Respons Intern Audit Report

In response the Interim addit Report recommendation, OCDP agreed to comply with the recommendation to imprement a plan to maintain monthly payroll logs in the future.

Finding 3. Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

Summary

A review of all contributions from individuals requiring itemization indicated that 35 contributions totaling \$7,389 lacked disclosure of occupation and/or name of employer. In addition, there was no evidence that "best efforts" to obtain, maintain and submit the information had been exercised. In response to the Interim Audit Report

See Part I, Background, Commission Guidance, Request for Early Commission Consideration of a Legal Question — Recordkeeping for Employees, Page 1. Payroll is stated net of taxes and benefits.

recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations.

Legal Standard

- A. Itemization required for Contributions from Individuals. A political committee other than an authorized committee must itemize any contribution from an individual if it exceeds \$200 per calendar year, either by itself or when combined with other contributions from the same contributor. 52 U.S.C §30104(b)(3)(A) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §434(b)(3)(A)).
- B. Required Information for Contributions from Individuals. For each itemized contribution from an individual, the committee must provide the wing information:
 - The contributor's full name and address;
 - The contributor's occupation and the name of before employer;
 - The date of receipt (the date the committee received the contribution);
 - The amount of the contribution; and
 - The calendar year-to-date total of all contributions from the same individual.

 11 CFR §§100.12 and 104.3(a)(4) at 52 U.S.C. §30104(b)(3)(x) (54 merly 2 U.S.C. §434(b)(3)(A)).
- C. Best Efforts Ensures Compliance. When the treasurer of a political committee shows that the committee used best effective (see below) to early, maintain, and submit the information required by the Act, the considered is reports and records will be considered in compliance with the Act. 32 U.S. 20102(i) Cormerly 2 U.S.C. §432(i)).
- D. Definition of Best Files. The treasure and the committee will be considered to have used "best effort," if the committee satisfied all of the following criteria:
 - All written some lations or contribution included:
 - O A clear request for the petributor's all name, mailing address, occupation, and there of employer; and
 - The statement that such reporting is required by Federal law.
 - Vithin 30 days for the resint of the contribution, the treasurer made at least one start to obtain the dissing differentian, in either a written request or a documented oral resilest.
 - The tree are reported any contributor information that, although not initially provided the contributor, was obtained in a follow-up communication or was contained in a follow-up communities filed during the same two-year election cycle. 11 CFR §104.7(b).

Facts and Analysis

A. Facts

During fieldwork, the Audit staff reviewed all reported contributions from individuals to determine if the required contributor information was disclosed. The review indicated that OCDP did not adequately disclose both the occupation and the name of the employer for nearly all identified errors. There were 35 errors equaling \$7,389. All of the errors disclosed a notation, "Information Requested" on the Schedule A, Itemized Receipts, filed with the Commission.

Although requested, OCDP did not provide any records to demonstrate evidence of any best efforts procedures or follow-up requests for missing contributor information. As a result, OCDP did not make "best efforts" to obtain, maintain and report the missing occupation and name of employer information.

B. Interim Audit Report & Audit Division Recommendation

Prior to the exit conference, OCDP was provided schedules of the contributions requiring additional disclosure information. One of OCDP's representatives stated that missing contributor information was partly due to problems with its database. He also stated that the provided schedules would be reviewed and any comments concerning OCDP's best efforts procedures would be submitted in writing. No documents supporting OCDP's best efforts were submitted.

The Interim Audit Report recommended that OCDP take the Audit Report recommended the Audit Report Report Report recommended the Audit Report Report

- provide documentation such as phone logs, returned untribused etters, completed contributor contact information sheets or other metrials which constrated that best efforts were made to obtain, maintain, and subout the required discussive information; or
- absent such documentation, make an effort to lotact these individuals is whom required information was missing or incomplete, locate documentation of such contacts (such as copies of letters to the contributor, ad/or phone logs), and amend OCDP's reports to disclose any internation obtained that those contacts.

C. Committee Response to Interim Audit Region

In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendate OCDP agreed to comply with the recommendation to introduce the interior and expecised best efforts or to attempt to obtain the missing contribute information and amend its disclosure reports in conformity with basic forts.

Finding 4. Receipts

Summ

During auto fieldwork, it was noted that OCDP did not maintain adequate documentation and did not properly report receipts from its gaming activities totaling \$1,820,466 for his 2012 election cycle. OCDP reported gaming receipts as un-itemized individual contributions in accordance with requirements for receipts from individuals contributing \$50 or less at fundraising events. However, the average contribution from OCDP's bi-weekly gaming events was approximately \$88 per person, which requires more extensive recordkeeping activities. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with certain unspecified aspects of the report that concerned its gaming activities.

Legal Standard

- A. Recordkeeping. Political committees must keep records of:
 - All contributions received by or on behalf of the committee;
 - The name and address of any person who makes a contribution in excess of \$50, together with the date and amount of the contribution; and

- The occupation and name of employer of any individual whose contributions aggregate more than \$200 during a calendar year, together with the date and amount of any such contributions. 52 U.S.C. §30102(c) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §432(c)).
- B. Retention of Check Copies. For contributions in excess of \$50, committees must maintain a photocopy or digital image of the check or written instrument. 11 CFR §102.9(a)(4).
- C. Preserving Records and Copies of Reports. Committees must preserve these records for 3 years after a report is filed. 52 U.S.C. §30102(d) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §432(d)).

Facts and Analysis

A. Facts

OCDP did not maintain adequate documentation and did not properly known receipts for its bi-weekly gaming activities totaling \$1,820.4 5 for the 2012 election. Ite. Michigan state law governs Michigan gaming activities and recordkeeping in direments. Accordingly, records were kept of the number of attackers and the quantity and price of gaming cards, books and tickets sold (all gaming sales) ansactions are for cash).

However, federal election laws and regulators apply to the varieties of federal political committees and those rules require a different such frecordkeeling and reporting requirements for contributions. The level of determined in the records and reports of committees is a function of the contribution lights for in vidual contributors.

During the audit peace. OCDP aintained records and filed reports as if contributions did not exceed the \$50 to shole. This threshold only requires records to identify the name of the event and the contributions are seized for the event. OCDP reported gaming receipts from events are un-its liked individual contributions in accordance with requirements for receipts from halfviduals contributing \$50 or less. However, based on records from OCDP event the Ability staff calculated that contributions averaged approximately \$88 per peacen, perceipts. As such, no reasonable assurance could be provided that addividuals a unding the gaming activities contributed \$50 or less. Accordingly, to emply with the recordkeeping requirements, OCDP needs to collect more contributor a formation for its gaming events.

The Commission considered OCDP's position that each gaming activity held during a night was a separate event for aggregation purposes and that their records and reporting were adequate. As part of its consideration, the Commission sought information about separation of gaming activities and their administrative functions. In anticipation of these questions, the Audit staff held a teleconference with Committee personnel and were told

In addition to the improper reporting of gaming receipts, OCDP did not report \$76,233 mentioned in Finding 1, Misstatement of Financial Activity.

⁶ This amount does not include errors in recordkeeping for checks deposited into Oakland's accounts that were not associated with gaming activities projected to total \$1,970.

This recordkeeping threshold is discussed in the Federal Election Commission Campaign Guide for Political Party Committees and in Advisory Opinions 1981-48 and 1980-99.

that they had only one hall for all gaming activities; separate personnel were not used for the different gaming activities; and all gaming activity tickets could be purchased at any of the ticket purchase locations. No additional information was provided that would indicate separation of gaming activities. As previously noted, the average gaming night contribution was approximately \$88 per person, so OCDP could not reasonably assure that contributions received aggregated to amounts of \$50 or less a night. Based on the above information, the Commission concluded that OCDP's bingo nights were not separate fundraising events, but were one event, and that OCDP was required to obtain the name and address of any person who made contributions in excess of \$50 during a gaming night, and then identify and report those contributors whose aggregate contributions exceeded \$200 during a calendar year. As a result, the Audit staff calculated that OCDP did not properly record and account for combutions totaling \$1,820,466, or 89% of OCDP's total contributions.

B. Interim Audit Report & Audit Division Recommendation

At the exit conference, the Audit staff presented this phorokeeping thatter to OCDP representatives as an open issue for which additional Commission guidance would be sought. It was subsequently presented to OCDP representatives as a find a

The Interim Audit Report recommended that OCDR revise records demonstrating that its gaming night contributions did not exceed \$50 per sea tributor. Absent such records, OCDP should develop and implement a plan to obtain and maintain a record of:

- the name, address, date and amount of any person controuting more than \$50;
- the occupation are of employed of any individual whose contributions aggregate most than Sanduring a calendar year, together with the date and amount of any such contributions.

C. Committee Response of interim conditate port

In response to the spin Aux Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying the all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with certain respectified aspect of the report that concerned its gaming activities.

Finding 5. Se of the Campaign Depository

Summary

A review of OCDP's gaming operations found that OCDP did not deposit most of its gaming receipts into its designated campaign depository as required. During the audit period, OCDP collected \$1,820,466 from its bi-weekly gaming activities but only deposited \$450,162 into its campaign depository. OCDP disbursed the majority of these cash receipts (\$1,370,304) directly to prize winners and game workers. In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the process of complying with all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with certain unspecified aspects of the report that concerned its gaming activities.

See Part I, Background, Commission Guidance, Directive 69 and Request for Early Commission Consideration of a Legal Question – Recordkeeping for Receipts, Page 2.

Legal Standard

- A. Depositories. Each political committee shall designate one or more state banks, federally chartered depository institutions (including a national bank), or depository institutions, the deposits or accounts of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration, as its campaign depository or depositories. Each political committee shall maintain at least one checking account or transaction account at one of its depositories. All receipts received by such committee shall be deposited in such accounts. No disbursements may be made (other than petty cash disbursements) by such committee except by check drawn on such accounts in accordance with this section. 52 U.S.C. §30102(h)(1) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §432(h)(1)) and 11 CFR §103.2.
- B. Deposit of Receipts and Disbursements. All receipts by colitical committee shall be deposited in account(s) established pursuant to 11 CFR and except that any contribution may be, within 10 days of the treasurer's receipt, retained to the contributor without being deposited. The treasurer of the committee shall be responsible for making such deposits. All deposits shall be made within 10 days of the treasurer receipt. A committee shall make all disbursements by cheen or similar drafts drawn of an account at its designated campaign depository, except for examplifier and trunks may be transferred from the depository for investment purposes, but shall be retained to the depository before such funds are used to make expenditures. 11 CFR §103.
- C. Petty Cash Fund. A political commettee is a paintain a party cash fund out of which it may make expenditures not in excess of the person per purchase or transaction.

It is the duty of the surrer to seep and maintain a written journal of all petty cash disbursements. The whom journal shall include

- Name and address very permit whom any disbursement is made,
- Date:
- Amount,
- spose, and
- If thursement is unde for a candidate, the journal shall include the name of that candidate and the office (including State and Congressional district) sought by such can thate. 11 CFR §102.11.

Facts and Analysis

A. Facts

The Audit staff reviewed OCDP's records of its bi-weekly gaming events and found that OCDP did not deposit most of its gaming receipts into its designated campaign

depository as required by 11 CFR §103.3(a).¹⁰ During the audit period, OCDP collected funds from 204 gaming events totaling \$1,820,466. However, OCDP only deposited funds totaling \$450,162 to its campaign depository, after having disbursed the majority of funds collected (\$1,370,304) to prize winners and to game workers. These cash payments did not utilize a petty cash fund for cash payments of \$100 or less and checks (or similar drafts) for amounts disbursed over \$100.

For the audit period, OCDP made total expenditures of \$2,060,864 with gaming expenditures comprising \$1,711,394 of this amount (83% of total expenditures). As discussed above, cash payments comprised the majority of gaming expenditures. However, for most recurring expenses, checks were used. However, the second expenses is advertising and other items estaling \$341,090.

The table below summarizes cash payment activity for gaming.

Payment Type	Total Amount Paid	Description
Cash Prize Payouts Exceeding \$50.00	\$827,861	Records were maintained to each payment. Disbursements were at a sed on reports as per gents to individuals and contained the see, address, day, amount and purpose for each payment.
Cash Prize Payouts \$50.00 or Less	511,914	Records were not maintaged of individual payments. Disbursements were reported as lump sum payments to "Non Youcher Bings Prizes \$50 or Less" (no individual payee information was provided).
Other Cash Garang Expenses	\$30,529	Recent descellaneous gaming expenses paid to gaming workers in 2011 were not maintained. These disbursements are included as un-itemized expenditures in reported totals.
Total garding Cash payment	1,370,4	

B. Interim Audit & Audit Division Recommendation

At the exit conference the Audit staff initially presented an open issue for recordkeeping for amounts of \$50 or less to OCDP representatives. This issue was later expanded to include all cash disbursements and subsequently presented to OCDP representatives as a finding for failure to utilize a campaign depository for all cash transactions.

The Commission noted in a prior audit of OCDP, approved on March 28, 2001, that OCDP paid prizes using cash received from the sale of bingo cards. As a result of the prior audit, matters were referred to the Office of General Counsel for further enforcement (See MUR 5236). In that matter, the Commission found that OCDP had violated the requirement to deposit all its receipts and that it failed to properly itemize gaming disbursements. In the conciliation agreement with the Commission, OCDP agreed to correctly disclose all financial activity related to its bingo account, deposit all receipts from its bingo games into its designated depository and properly itemize disbursements that aggregate in excess of \$200 from its bingo account.

In subsequent discussions about cash disbursements, OCDP responded that it complied with the Act's required use of a check or "similar draft" by using a "voucher system." Under the voucher system, prize winners fill out and redeem vouchers for cash. OCDP stated that it has used this system for years and the Michigan State Lottery Bureau was aware of it and permitted its use.

In addition, OCDP cited two Advisory Opinions, 1982-25 and 1993-04, where the Commission allowed wire transfers and computerized bill paying, respectively, to satisfy the requirement of a similar draft. OCDP stated that, as in those opinions, the vouchers are not "operative commercial instruments" like checks, but they are documentation of the prize payment transaction, which is the goal of the regulations CDP indicated that the vouchers satisfy the requirements of a "similar draft" while avoiding the practical problems of writing and processing thousands of checks.

Although OCDP cited wire transfers and computerized billing as expections to the similar draft requirement, the Audit staff noted the regulations go beyond simple documentation requirements and that they specifically required the use of a campaign depository as cited above. Using a campaign depository ensures a compaper hail linking disbusements to a 3rd party payor/record keeper and provides for a capaline disclosure history for audit purposes.

OCDP developered implement procedures The Interim Audit Report recommended receipts an disbursements, including to ensure that a campaign depository is used for gaming transactions made with cash.

C. Committee Response to Audit Report
In response to the Landon Audit Report recommendation, OCDP stated it has begun the all recommendations. However, OCDP said it disagreed with process of complying certain unspecified aspects he reper that concerned its gaming activities.

¹¹ See Advisory Opinions 1993-04 and 1986-18.